

Warm-Up: Finish these problems on page 17

#16 - 18: Simplify (some of these may already be simplified)

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{18} \frac{4 + \sqrt{28}}{2} \\ & \frac{4 + \sqrt{4 \cdot 7}}{2} \\ & \frac{4 + 2\sqrt{7}}{2} \\ & \frac{4}{2} + \frac{2\sqrt{7}}{2} \\ & 2 + 1 \cdot \sqrt{7} \end{aligned} \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{P} \\ \text{E} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{I} \\ \text{S} \\ \text{I} \\ \text{S} \end{array}$$

Warm-Up: Finish these problems on page 18

Simplify the expression:

$$\begin{aligned} & \textcircled{4} \frac{5 + 8\sqrt{20}}{10} \quad \textcircled{6} \frac{14 + 7\sqrt{100}}{2} \\ & \frac{5 + 8 \cdot \sqrt{4 \cdot 5}}{10} \quad \frac{14 + 7 \cdot 10}{2} \\ & \frac{5 + 8 \cdot 2\sqrt{5}}{10} \quad \frac{14 + 70}{2} \\ & \frac{5 + 16\sqrt{5}}{10} \quad \frac{84}{2} \\ & \frac{5}{10} + \frac{16\sqrt{5}}{10} \quad = \textcircled{42} \\ & \frac{1}{2} + \frac{8\sqrt{5}}{5} \end{aligned}$$

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In order to solve some of the equations you will come upon throughout the rest of your math career, the number system needs to be expanded from the REAL number system to the COMPLEX number system which includes imaginary numbers.

An imaginary number, when squared, gives a positive result.

$$i = \sqrt{-1}$$

It helps us answer the question:  $x^2 = -1$

Substitute the solutions in the original equation.

check the solution  $x = i$

$$x^2 = -1$$

$$(i)^2 = -1$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$x^2 = -1$$

$$\sqrt{x^2} = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$|x| = \sqrt{-1}$$

$$x = \sqrt{-1} \quad \text{or} \quad x = -\sqrt{-1}$$

$$x = i \quad \text{or} \quad x = -i$$

check the solution  $x = -i$

$$x^2 = -1$$

$$(-i)^2 = -1$$

$$(-i)(-i) = -1$$

$$(-1)(i)(-1)(i) = -1$$

$$(1)(i)(i) = -1$$

$$i^2 = -1$$

$$i \rightarrow \text{imaginary}$$

$$\sqrt{a \cdot b} = \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b}$$

$$\sqrt{-1 \cdot b} = \sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{b}$$

$$= i \sqrt{b}$$

Remember that  $\sqrt{a \cdot b} = \sqrt{a} \cdot \sqrt{b}$ . We can use this property with  $i$  to simplify square roots of negative numbers.

9) Simplify  $\sqrt{-49}$ ?

$$\sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{49}$$

$$i \cdot 7$$

$$7i$$

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10) Simplify the following:

a)  $\sqrt{-4}$

$$\sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{4}$$

$$= 2i$$

b)  $\sqrt{-90}$

$$\sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{90}$$

$$\sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{10}$$

$$= i \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{10}$$

$$= 3i\sqrt{10}$$

c)  $5\sqrt{-80}$

$$5 \cdot \sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{80}$$

$$5 \cdot \sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{16} \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$5 \cdot i \cdot 4\sqrt{5}$$

$$20i\sqrt{5}$$

d)  $-3\sqrt{-225}$

$$-3 \cdot \sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{225}$$

$$-3 \cdot i \cdot 15$$

$$-45i$$

$$\sqrt{18} = \sqrt{9} \cdot \sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt{12} = \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{3}$$

$$2\sqrt{3}$$

$$\sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{20}$$

$$2 \cdot \sqrt{4} \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$2 \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{5}$$

$$4\sqrt{5}$$

Simplify the expression.

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#14

d)  $\frac{8i}{2}$

$4i$

Note:

$$\begin{aligned}\sqrt{-36} &= \sqrt{-1} \cdot \sqrt{36} \\ &= 6i\end{aligned}$$

e)  $\frac{9 - \sqrt{-36}}{3}$

$\frac{9 - 6i}{3}$

$\frac{9}{3} - \frac{6i}{3}$

$\boxed{3 - 2i}$

f)  $\frac{14 + 21i}{7}$

$\frac{14}{7} + \frac{21i}{7}$

$2 + 3i$

## QUIZ TIME!

-All you need is a calculator and writing utensil.

-READ THE INSTRUCTIONS!

-Put equations into standard form.

-Go over the first test

-Homework assignment on Syllabus

->Homework that will be checked tomorrow:

5.3B, 5.3AB Worksheet, 5.2D Worksheet 5.2G

-Check homework on the board/Check off homework with Ms. Vang or Mrs. Witchger.

Make sure you use a different color pen/marker to show us that you have checked your work and write the number wrong up on the top of the assignment.